journey notifications can be provided for display on a display device associated with a user computing device.

At **418**, the one or more computing devices can provide for display, a map depicting the outbound journey route and the return journey route, optionally including turn-by-turn directions for the outbound journey route and the return journey route. In some implementations, the return journey notifications provided for display at **416** can be a part of the map and/or directions provided for display at **418**.

FIG. **5** depicts a flowchart of a second example method **500** according to example embodiments of the present disclosure. In some implementations, method **500** is implemented by one or more processors of a user computing device such as user computing device **110** of FIG. **1**.

At **502**, a user computing device can receive a request for navigational directions to a target destination. In some implementations, the request for navigational directions received at **502** can be provided as instructions via a user input device (e.g., a touchscreen, a keyboard, etc.)

At **504**, the user computing device can initiate determination of an estimated outbound journey time to travel from an initial location to the target destination and an estimated return journey time to travel from the target destination to a return destination. In some implementations, a user computing device initiates determination of such routes, but the actual determination is implemented by a server computing device, one or more aspects of which can be returned to the user computing device. In some implementations, the estimated outbound journey time and the estimated return journey time can be determined at least in part from one or more of current traffic conditions or historical traffic conditions.

At **506**, the user computing device can receive a notification regarding the return journey time when a comparison of the estimated outbound journey time to the estimated return journey time results in a determination that one or more predetermined criteria are met.

At **508**, the user computing device can provide the notification received at **506** for display on a display device associated with the user computing device. At **510**, a map depicting the outbound journey route and/or return journey route can also be provided for display. In some implementations, the notification regarding the return journey time provided for display at **508** can be part of the map provided for display at **510**.

The technology discussed herein makes reference to servers, databases, software applications, and other computer-based systems, as well as actions taken and information sent to and from such systems. The inherent flexibility of computer-based systems allows for a great variety of possible configurations, combinations, and divisions of tasks and functionality between and among components. For instance, processes discussed herein can be implemented using a single device or component or multiple devices or components working in combination. Databases and applications can be implemented on a single system or distributed across multiple systems. Distributed components can operate sequentially or in parallel.

While the present subject matter has been described in detail with respect to various specific example embodiments thereof, each example is provided by way of explanation, not limitation of the disclosure. Those skilled in the art, upon attaining an understanding of the foregoing, can readily produce alterations to, variations of, and equivalents to such embodiments. Accordingly, the subject disclosure does not preclude inclusion of such modifications, variations and/or additions to the present subject matter as would be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. For instance, features illustrated or described as part of one embodiment can be used with another embodiment to yield a still further embodiment. Thus, it is intended that the present disclosure cover such alterations, variations, and equivalents.

In particular, although FIGS. **3-5** respectively depict steps performed in a particular order for purposes of illustration and discussion, the methods of the present disclosure are not limited to the particularly illustrated order or arrangement. The various steps of the methods/configurations **300**, **400**, and **500** can be omitted, rearranged, combined, and/or adapted in various ways without deviating from the scope of the present disclosure.

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented method, comprising:

obtaining, by one or more computing devices, a request for navigational directions to a target destination;

determining, by the one or more computing devices, an outbound journey route from an initial location to the target destination, wherein the outbound journey route comprises an estimated outbound journey time;

determining, by the one or more computing devices, a return journey route based at least in part on one or more operations performed by one or more machine-learned models, wherein the return journey route comprises a route from the target destination to a return destination, and wherein the return journey route comprises an estimated return journey time;

comparing, by the one or more computing devices, the estimated outbound journey time to the estimated return journey time; and

generating, by the one or more computing devices, a notification regarding the return journey route when comparing the estimated outbound journey time to the estimated return journey time results in a determination that one or more predetermined criteria are met, wherein the notification regarding the return journey route comprises a time difference between the estimated outbound journey time and the estimated return journey time.

2. The computer-implemented method of claim **1**, further comprising determining, by the one or more computing devices, an estimated destination time indicative of an estimated amount of time a user will spend at the target destination, wherein a return start time for determining the estimated return journey time is based on the outbound journey time and the estimated destination time.

3. The computer-implemented method of claim **1**, wherein determining the estimated outbound journey time and the estimated return journey time is based at least in part on one or more of current traffic conditions or historical traffic conditions.

4. The computer-implemented method of claim **1**, wherein the notification regarding the return journey route comprises an identification of the estimated return journey time.

5. The computer-implemented method of claim **1**, wherein the notification regarding the return journey route comprises a warning regarding expected traffic on the return journey route.

6. The computer-implemented method of claim **1**, wherein the notification regarding the return journey route comprises a contextual explanation of how one or more of the estimated outbound journey time, an estimated destination time, or the estimated return journey time is determined.

7. The computer-implemented method of claim **1**, further comprising determining, by the one or more computing