

corrosion to which a metal container would be subjected through contact with the air, earth, or poison is avoided. It will now be noted that arranging the top to shed water permits of the placing of the device in a lawn or other place where frequent sprinkling or rain fall occurs, without permitting the accumulation of water on the device or entrance of such water thereto. Furthermore, it is to be noted that by reason of the overhanging portion of the cover, complete tipping of the container will be prevented, so that a large portion of the contents will be retained in the container even though the latter be tipped to lie on a side.

I claim:—

1. A feeder for insect poison formed of a glazed material and comprising a poison container having the receptacle thereof in the form of the inverted frustum of a cone and having perforations arranged therein adjacent the top, an inwardly extending annular flange formed at the top edge of said container above said perforations, a cover for

said container having a convexly curved upper surface and a cylindrical extension extending downwardly therefrom through the space defined by said flange and to said openings.

2. A feeder for insect poison comprising a poison container having perforations arranged therein adjacent the top, an inwardly extending annular flange formed at the top edge of said container above said perforations, a removable cover for said container having a cylindrical extension depending therefrom through the space defined by said flange and to said openings, and cooperating means on said flange and extension for securing the cover to the container, said flange and extension being cooperative to bar the upward crawling of an insect above said perforations.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand at Oakland, California, this 11th day of June, 1924.

GEORGE W. GRING.