



(54) **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DETERMINING THE VISCOSITY OF A FLUID IN A CONTAINER**

(75) Inventors: **Calvin R. Hastings**, Pittsburgh, PA (US); **Herbert Estrada**, Annapolis, MD (US); **Steven J. Johnson**, Pittsburgh, PA (US); **Robert C. Miller**, New Alexandria, PA (US); **Donald R. Augenstein**, Pittsburgh, PA (US)

(73) Assignee: **Caldon, Inc.**, Pittsburgh, PA (US)

(*) Notice: This patent issued on a continued prosecution application filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d), and is subject to the twenty year patent term provisions of 35 U.S.C. 154(a)(2).

Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **09/017,765**

(22) Filed: **Feb. 3, 1998**

(51) **Int. Cl.**⁷ **G01N 11/00**; G01N 29/02

(52) **U.S. Cl.** **73/54.41**; 73/592

(58) **Field of Search** 73/54.41, 64.42, 73/64.53, 61.79, 592

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

2,768,524	*	10/1956	Beard	73/54.41
3,392,574	*	7/1968	Lemon et al.	73/64.53
3,553,636	*	1/1971	Baird	73/54.41
3,720,105	*	3/1973	Cirulis	.

4,065,958	*	1/1978	Krylova et al.	.
4,095,457	*	6/1978	Koda et al.	.
4,331,025	*	5/1982	Ord, Jr.	.
4,559,810	*	12/1985	Hinrichs et al.	.
5,271,267	*	12/1993	Baumel	73/54.41
5,359,897	*	11/1994	Hamstead et al.	73/597
5,365,778	*	11/1994	Sheen et al.	73/54.41
5,433,112	*	7/1995	Piche et al.	73/597
5,557,047	*	9/1996	Koide	73/597
5,686,661	*	11/1997	Singh et al.	.

* cited by examiner

Primary Examiner—Daniel S. Larkin

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Ansel M. Schwartz

(57) **ABSTRACT**

An apparatus for determining the viscosity of a fluid in a container (such as a pipe). The apparatus comprises a mechanism for transmitting a signal into a fluid in a container. The transmitting mechanism contacts the container and provides the signal to the fluid in the container. The apparatus comprises a mechanism for receiving the signal after the signal has passed through the fluid. The receiving mechanism contacts the container and receives the signal from the fluid in the container. The apparatus comprises a mechanism for determining the fluid in the container from the signal after the signal has passed through the fluid and determining the fluid viscosity from the amplitude and sound velocity. The determining mechanism is connected to the receiving mechanism. The method comprises the steps of transmitting a signal into fluid. Then there is the step of receiving the signal after it has passed through the fluid. Next there is the step of determining the attenuation of the signal as the signal has passed through the fluid. Then there is the step of finding the viscosity of the fluid in the container from the attenuation of the signal and transit time.

33 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets

