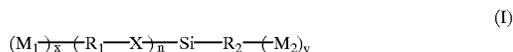


While only certain preferred embodiments of this invention have been shown and described by way of illustration, many modifications will occur to those skilled in the art and it is, therefore, desired that it be understood that it is intended herein to cover all such modifications that fall within the true spirit and scope of this invention.

What is claimed is:

1. A silylated resin represented by the general formula (I):



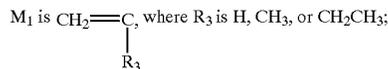
in which:

R₁ is an aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aryl, hydrocarbon, or fluorocarbon group;

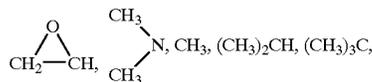
R₂ is the same as R₁ or a different aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aryl, hydrocarbon, or fluorocarbon group;



-continued



M₂ is the same as M₁ or a different functional or non-functional group selected from the group consisting of:



CF₃, and C₆H₅;

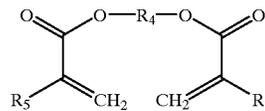
n is 1-3;

x is 1-20; and

y is 1-20;

which comprises the reaction product of the exchange reaction of a hydroxylated, animated, or carboxylated acrylic compound represented by the general formula (II):

(II)



in which:

R₄ is an aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, aryl, hydrocarbon, or fluorocarbon group with one or more protic functional groups selected from the group consisting of:

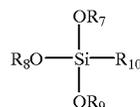
OH, N-H, and CO₂H;

R₅ is H or CH₃; and

R₆ is H or CH₃;

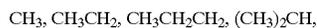
with a silane selected from the group consisting of a trialkoxyorganosilane or triacyloxyorganosilane represented by the general formula (III):

(III)



in which:

R₇, R₈, and R₉ each is:



R₁₀ is an aliphatic, cycloaliphatic, and aryl group which can optionally be substituted with a group from the group consisting of an acrylic group, a methacrylic group, an epoxy group, and a substituted amino, hydroxyl, or carboxylic acid group.

2. The resin of claim 1, wherein the hydroxylated acrylic compound is 2,2-bis-[4-(2'-hydroxy-3'-methacryloxypropoxy)phenyl]propane.

3. The resin of claim 1, wherein the carboxylated acrylic compound is pyromellitic acid di-2-methacryloyloxyethyl ester.