

and eighty degrees) relative to each other. However, it is to be understood that the method of the present invention can be alternately configured to provide double coverage from paths/perspectives that are generally and/or substantially perpendicular relative to each other.

While the present invention has been described as having a preferred design, the invention can be further modified within the spirit and scope of this disclosure. This disclosure is therefore intended to encompass any equivalents to the structures and elements disclosed herein. Further, this disclosure is intended to encompass any variations, uses, or adaptations of the present invention that use the general principles disclosed herein. Moreover, this disclosure is intended to encompass any departures from the subject matter disclosed that come within the known or customary practice in the pertinent art and which fall within the limits of the appended claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A computerized system for displaying and making measurements, comprising:
 - a computer system executing image display and analysis software causing the computer system to:
 - display at least one oblique image having corresponding geo-location position data;
 - receive one or more signals indicative of user selection of at least two points on a man-made structure depicted within the at least one oblique image; and
 - calculate at least one measurement between the at least two points on the man-made structure depicted within the at least one oblique image using the geo-location position data associated with the at least one oblique image and using multiple values of elevation data from a data table storing a plurality of elevation data associated with terrain displayed within the oblique image;
 - wherein causing the computer system to calculate the at least one measurement between the at least two points involves selection of intermediate points.
2. The computerized system of claim 1, wherein a first point of the at least two points has a first elevation, and a second point of the at least two points has a second elevation, and wherein the first elevation and the second elevation are different.
3. The computerized system of claim 1, wherein the measurement is a size of the man-made structure.
4. The computerized system of claim 1, wherein the measurement is a length of the man-made structure.
5. The computerized system of claim 1, wherein the measurement is a width of the man-made structure.
6. A computerized system for displaying and making measurements, comprising:
 - a computer system executing image display and analysis software causing the computer system to:
 - display at least one oblique image having corresponding geo-location position data;
 - receive one or more signals indicative of user selection of at least two points on a building within the at least one oblique image; and
 - calculate at least one measurement between the at least two points on the building depicted within the at least one oblique image using the geo-location position data associated with the at least one oblique image and using multiple values of elevation data from a data table storing a plurality of elevation data associated with terrain displayed within the oblique image and using a selection of intermediate points.

7. The computerized system of claim 6, wherein a first point of the at least two points has a first elevation, and a second point of the at least two points has a second elevation, and wherein the first elevation and the second elevation are different.

8. The computerized system of claim 6, wherein the measurement is a summation of at least two line segments.

9. The computerized system of claim 8, wherein the at least two line segments are straight line segments.

10. The computerized system of claim 8, wherein the at least two line segments are non-straight line segments.

11. The computerized system of claim 6, wherein the measurement is a size of the building.

12. The computerized system of claim 6, wherein the measurement is a length of the building.

13. The computerized system of claim 6, wherein the measurement is a width of the building.

14. A computerized system for displaying and making measurements, comprising:

- a computer system executing image display and analysis software causing the computer system to:
 - display at least one oblique image having corresponding geo-location position data; and
 - calculate at least one measurement using a series of interconnected line segments between at least two points on a geographic structure depicted within the at least one oblique image using the geo-location position data associated with the at least one oblique image.

15. The computerized system of claim 14, wherein a first point of the at least two points has a first elevation, and a second point of the at least two points has a second elevation, and wherein the first elevation and the second elevation are different.

16. The computerized system of claim 14, wherein calculating the at least one measurement between the at least two points involves selection of intermediate points.

17. The computerized system of claim 14, wherein the measurement is a summation of at least two line segments.

18. The computerized system of claim 17, wherein the at least two line segments are straight line segments.

19. The computerized system of claim 17, wherein the at least two line segments are non-straight line segments.

20. The computerized system of claim 14, wherein the measurement is a size of the geographic structure.

21. The computerized system of claim 14, wherein the measurement is a length of the geographic structure.

22. The computerized system of claim 14, wherein the measurement is a width of the geographic structure.

23. A computerized system for displaying and making measurements, comprising:

- a computer system executing image display and analysis software causing the computer system to:
 - display at least one oblique image having corresponding geo-location position data;
 - receive one or more signals indicative of user selection of at least two points on a man-made structure depicted within the at least one oblique image; and
 - calculate at least one measurement between the at least two points on the man-made structure depicted within the at least one oblique image using the geo-location position data associated with the at least one oblique image and using multiple values of elevation data from a data table storing a plurality of elevation data associated with terrain displayed within the oblique image;